Liberty PICU ED Team for High-Risk Intubations

This document is designed to help determine the need for a **Liberty PICU ED Team - High Risk Intubation** prior to intubation in the Big Room at Liberty. This only applies to high-risk intubations (see inclusion criteria below). If standard PICU telemedicine is desired, ask Statline to page a **Liberty PICU ED Team - Consult**.

Exclusion Criteria

- · Patients with known cardiac history Please call CICU Attending
- Additional exclusion criteria used at Burnet (neonates, trauma patients) do not apply at Liberty

When should we page the Liberty PICU ED Team?

Call Statline and ask them to page **Liberty PICU ED Team - High Risk Intubation ETA NOW** if concern for peri-intubation arrest or if **any** of the following criteria are met:

Concern for myocardial dysfunction - consider STAT bedside ECHO prior to intubation							
Post-ROSC							
Persistent hypoxia (sats <90%) despite supplemental oxygenation and CPAP							
Primary metabolic acidosis with pH <7.1 PET may not be needed if there is a primary respiratory acidosis, regardless of pH							
Status asthmaticus with acute respiratory failure							
Persistent hypotension for age	Age	0-30 d	31d - <1 y	1-2y	2-6y	7-13 y	≥14 y

After paging the Liberty PICU ED Team

- Discuss optimization of hemodynamics and physiologic status with PICU Please be prepared to discuss ventilation (pressures, rate, i-time)
- Collaborate w/ PICU
 Is patient still at high risk for cardiac arrest w/ intubation? (i.e. myocardial dysfunction w/ high probability of requiring ECMO)
 YES Consider transport to PICU without intubation vs intubation in Big Room. Discuss with PICU & Transport team
 NO Proceed with intubation in Big Room. Return to RSI checklist
- Identify proceduralist
 Select the appropriate physician. We recommend either approved PEM fellows, upper-level PICU fellows, senior EM residents, PEM/PICU attendings or Anesthesia/ENT for all PET intubations.

The following are strongly recommended prior to intubation

For all patients: CPR backboard placed and Zoll pads placed and hooked up to defibrillator
For all patients: 1-2 doses of 0.1 mg/mL (code dose) epinephrine drawn up
For all patients: Bedside cardiac ultrasound
For patients with persistent hypotension or cardiac dysfunction: 1-2 doses of 10 mcg/mL (epi spritzer) epinephrine
drawn up and/or epinephrine continuous infusion (32 mcg/mL) prepared
For patients with severe primary metabolic acidosis: 1-2 doses of 1 mEg/kg NaHCO3 (sodium bicarbonate) drawn up